

Hymans Robertson LLP has carried out an actuarial valuation of the Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund (“the Fund”) as at 31 March 2013, details of which are set out in the report dated 31 March 2014 (“the Report”), addressed to Derbyshire County Council (“the Client”). The Report was prepared for the sole use and benefit of our Client and not for any other party; and Hymans Robertson LLP makes no representation or warranties to any third party as to the accuracy or completeness of the Report.

The Report was not prepared for any third party and it will not address the particular interests or concerns of any such third party. The Report is intended to advise our Client on the past service funding position of the Fund at 31 March 2013 and employer contribution rates from April 2014, and should not be considered a substitute for specific advice in relation to other individual circumstances.

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Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund
2013 Actuarial Valuation
Valuation Report

HYMANS  ROBERTSON

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1 Executive summary

We have carried out an actuarial valuation of the Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund ('the Fund') as at 31 March 2013. The results are presented in this report and are briefly summarised below.

Funding position

The table below summarises the financial position of the Fund at 31 March 2013 in respect of benefits earned by members up to this date.

	31 March 2010	31 March 2013
Past Service Position	(£m)	(£m)
Past Service Liabilities	2,967	3,784
Market Value of Assets	2,409	3,121
Surplus / (Deficit)	(558)	(663)
Funding Level	81.2%	82.5%

The increase in deficit reflects the adverse conditions which the Fund has had to contend with since the previous valuation. In particular, the decrease in the real gilt yield has increased the value placed on the Fund's liabilities.

Contribution rates

The table below summarises the average employer contribution rate that would be required, based on this triennial valuation.

	31 March 2010	31 March 2013
Contribution Rates	(% of pay)	(% of pay)
Employer future service rate (incl. expenses)	11.9%	20.5%
Past Service Adjustment (19 year spread)	5.8%	7.4%
Total employer contribution rate (incl. expenses)	17.7%	27.9%
Employee contribution rate	6.4%	6.0%
Expenses	0.2%	0.2%

Again, the increase in the total employer contribution rate is primarily due to the decrease in the real gilt yields which has increased both the employer future service rate and the past service adjustment.

The common contribution rate is a theoretical figure – an average across the whole Fund. In practice, each employer that participates in the Fund has its own underlying funding position and circumstances, giving rise to its own contribution rate requirement. The minimum contributions to be paid by each employer from 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2017 are shown in the Rates and Adjustment Certificate in **Appendix G**.



2 Introduction

Purpose

We have carried out an actuarial valuation of the Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund, as at 31 March 2013.

- This valuation report complies with all of the relevant Regulations and professional standards, as set out in **section 7**.
- The figures in this report are based on our understanding of the benefit structure of the LGPS as at 31 March 2013, and changes being implemented from April 2014, details of which are provided in **Appendix B**.
- The results of the valuation are dependent on the quality of the data provided to us by the Administering Authority for the specific purpose of this valuation. This data is summarised in **Appendix D**.
- As part of the valuation, assumptions must be made which are discussed in **section 3** as well as in **Appendix E**. Details of our valuation approach is covered in **Appendix C**.
- The valuation results are then covered in **section 4**.
- We look at some of the risks the Fund faces in **section 5** and consider any post valuation events in **Appendix F**.
- The valuation is just one aspect of the operation of the Fund, and related issues are covered in **section 6**.
- In **Appendix G** we then set out the individual employer contribution requirements from 1 April 2014.

Component reports

This document is an “aggregate” report, i.e. it is the culmination of various “component” reports and discussions, in particular:

- The data report (mentioned in **section 7**);
- The Discussion Document (dated 22 November 2013) which outlined the actuarial assumptions and whole fund results;
- The formal agreement by the Administering Authority of the actuarial assumptions used in this document, at a meeting dated 17 September 2013;
- The stabilisation modelling carried out for certain employers, as detailed in our report dated 4 November 2013 and discussed on a telephone conference call with the Administering Authority on 5 December 2013; and
- The Funding Strategy Statement, confirming the different contribution rate setting approaches for different types of employer or in different circumstances.

Note that not all of these documents may be in the public domain.



3 Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions

Assumptions must be made about the factors affecting the Fund's finances in the future. Broadly speaking, our assumptions fall into two categories – financial and demographic.

Demographic assumptions typically try to forecast **when** benefits will come into payment and what form these will take. For example, when members will retire (e.g. at their normal retirement age or earlier), how long they will then survive and whether a dependant's pension will be paid.

Financial assumptions typically try to anticipate the **size** of these benefits. For example, how large members' final salaries will be at retirement and how their pensions will increase over time. In addition, the financial assumptions also help us to estimate how much all these benefits will cost the Fund in today's money.

Financial assumptions

A summary of the main financial assumptions adopted for the valuation of members' benefits are shown below.

Financial assumptions	31 March 2010		31 March 2013	
	Nominal	Real	Nominal	Real
Pre Retirement Discount Rate	7.0%*	4.0%	4.6%	2.1%
Post Retirement Discount Rate	5.5%*	2.5%	4.6%	2.1%
Salary Increases**	4.75%	1.75%	3.3%	0.8%
Price Inflation / Pension Increases	3.0%	-	2.5%	-

*For the purpose of future service rates, 6.75% p.a. was used.

**Excluding promotional increases.

Discount rate

The funding valuation is effectively a planning exercise, to assess the funds needed to meet the benefits as they fall due. In order to place a current value on the future benefit payments from the Fund, an assumption about future investment returns is required in order to "discount" future benefit payments back to the valuation date at a suitable rate.

For a funding valuation such as this, the discount rate is set by taking into account the Fund's current and expected future investment strategy and, in particular, how this strategy is expected to outperform the returns from Government bonds over the long term. The additional margin for returns in excess of that available on Government bonds is called the Asset Outperformance Assumption (AOA).

The selection of an appropriate AOA is a matter of judgement and the degree of risk inherent in the Fund's investment strategy should always be considered as fully as possible.

We are satisfied that an AOA of 1.6% p.a. is a prudent assumption for the purposes of this valuation. This results in a discount rate of 4.6% p.a. as at 31 March 2013.

Price inflation / pension increases

We expect the average long term difference between RPI and CPI to be 0.8% p.a.

The assumption for RPI has been derived from market data as the difference between the yield on long-dated fixed interest and index-linked government bonds.

Salary increases

The long term assumption for salary increases is RPI (or CPI plus 0.8% p.a.).



The salary increase assumption has been set on the premise that it reflects the short term pay constraints currently being experienced and the belief that general economic growth and hence pay growth may be at a lower level than historically experienced for a prolonged period of time.

Note that this assumption is made in respect of the general level of salary increases (e.g. as a result of inflation and other macroeconomic factors). We also make a separate allowance for expected pay rises granted in the future as a result of promotion. This assumption takes the form of a set of tables which model the expected promotional pay awards based on each member's age and class. Please see **Appendix E**.

Longevity

The main demographic assumption to which the valuation results are most sensitive is that relating to the longevity of the Fund's members. For this valuation, we have adopted assumptions which give the following sample average future life expectancies for members:

Assumed life expectancy at age 65	Actives & Deferreds		Current Pensioners	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
2013 valuation - baseline	19.9	22.6	19.8	22.1
2013 valuation - improvements	24.1	26.6	22.0	24.2

Further details of the mortality assumptions adopted for this valuation can be found in **Appendix E**. Note that the figures for actives and deferreds assume that they are aged 45 at the valuation date.

Assets

We have taken the assets of the Fund into account at their market value as indicated in the audited accounts for the period ended 31 March 2013.

In our opinion, the basis for placing a value on members' benefits is consistent with that for valuing the assets - both are related to market conditions at the valuation date.

Demographic assumptions

We are in the unique position of having a very large local authority data set from which to derive our other demographic assumptions. We have analysed the trends and patterns that are present in the membership of local authority funds and tailor our demographic assumptions to reflect LGPS experience.

Details of these assumptions are set out in **Appendix E**. Further commentary on these was included in the Discussion Document.

Further comments on the assumptions

As required for Local Government Pension Scheme valuations, our proposed approach to this valuation must include a degree of prudence. This has been achieved by explicitly allowing for a margin of prudence in the AOA.

For the avoidance of doubt, we believe that all other proposed assumptions represent the "best estimate" of future experience. This effectively means that there is a 50% chance that future experience will be better or worse than the chosen assumption.

Taken as a whole, we believe that our proposed assumptions are more prudent than the best estimate. The assessed liability value on a "neutral" best estimate (not prudent) basis would perhaps be 10% lower than the figures shown here.



4 Results

The Administering Authority has prepared a Funding Strategy Statement which sets out its funding objectives for the Fund. In broad terms, the main ‘past service’ objective is to hold sufficient assets in the Fund to meet the assessed cost of members’ past service benefits and the main ‘future service’ objective is to maintain a relatively stable employer contribution rate. These objectives are potentially conflicting.

Past service

In assessing the extent to which the past service funding objective was met at the valuation date, we have used the actuarial assumptions described in the previous section of this report and funding method described in **Appendix C**. The table below compares the value of the assets and liabilities at 31 March 2013. The 31 March 2010 results are also shown for reference.

The results are presented in the form of a “funding level”, this is the ratio of the market value of assets to the assessed cost of members’ past service benefits (“liabilities”).

A funding level of 100% would correspond to the funding objective being met at the valuation date.

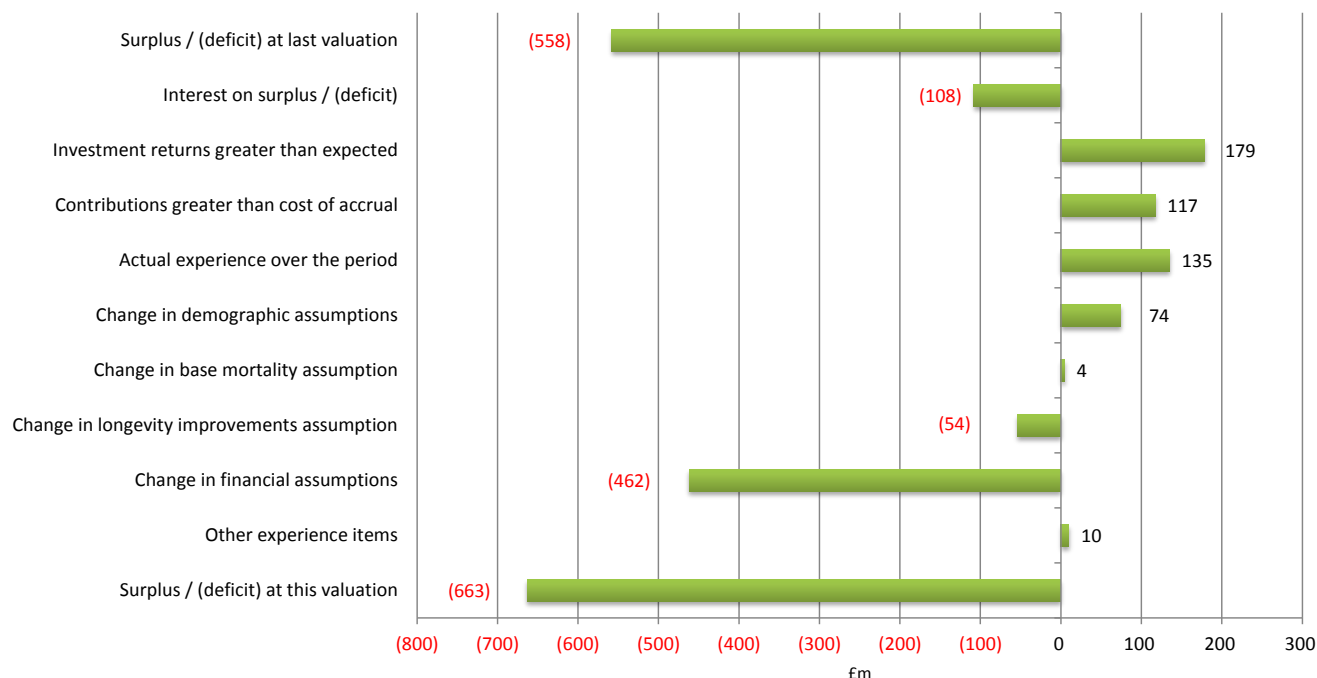
Valuation Date	31 March 2010	31 March 2013
Past Service Position	(£m)	(£m)
Past Service Liabilities		
Employees	1,516	1,681
Deferred Pensioners	345	557
Pensioners	1,106	1,546
Total Liabilities	2,967	3,784
Market Value of Assets	2,409	3,121
Surplus / (Deficit)	(558)	(663)
Funding Level	81.2%	82.5%

The main funding objective was not met: there was a shortfall of assets to the assessed cost of members’ benefits of £663m.



Summary of changes to the funding position

The chart below illustrates the factors that caused the funding position to deteriorate between 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2013:



Further comments on the items in this chart:

- There is an interest cost of £108m. This is broadly three years of compound interest at 6.1% p.a. (an average of the discount rates used at the 2010 valuation) applied to the previous valuation deficit of £558m.
- Investment returns being higher than expected since 2010 lead to a gain of £179m. This is broadly the difference between the actual and expected three-year return (roughly 7%) applied to the whole fund assets from the previous valuation of £2,409m, with a further allowance made for cashflows during the period.
- Contributions paid being greater than the cost of benefits accrued has led to a gain of £117m.
- The overall impact of demographic experience has been a profit of £135m. This includes the impact of observed salary increases, pension increases, withdrawals, early retirements and ill health retirements.
- The impact of the change in demographic assumptions has been a profit arising of around £74m.
- The change in mortality assumptions (baseline and improvements) has given rise to a loss of £50m. This is mainly due to the change in assumed longevity improvements.
- The change in financial conditions between the previous valuation has led to a loss of £462m. This is due to a decrease in the real discount rate between 2010 and 2013. This has been partially offset by the reduction to the long term salary growth assumption at this valuation.
- Other experience items, such as changes in the membership data, have served to decrease the deficit at this valuation by around £10m.



- Note that the benefit changes that come into effect as at 1 April 2014 do not change the funding position as all past service benefits to 31 March 2014 are protected.

Future service

We have calculated the average long-term contribution rate that the Fund employers would need to pay to meet the estimated cost of members' benefits that will be earned after 31 March 2013 (the 'future service contribution rate'). Again, we have used the assumptions set out in the previous section of this report and the method set out in **Appendix C**. The resulting contribution rate is that which should (if the actuarial assumptions about the future are borne out in practice) ensure that the Administering Authority's main future service funding objective is met. The table below details this future service contribution rate for 31 March 2013 and shows the 31 March 2010 for comparison.

Valuation Date	31 March 2010	31 March 2013
Future service rate	% of pay	% of pay
Employer future service rate (excl. expenses)	11.7%	20.3%
Expenses	0.2%	0.2%
Total employer future service rate (incl. expenses)	11.9%	20.5%
Employee contribution rate	6.4%	6.0%

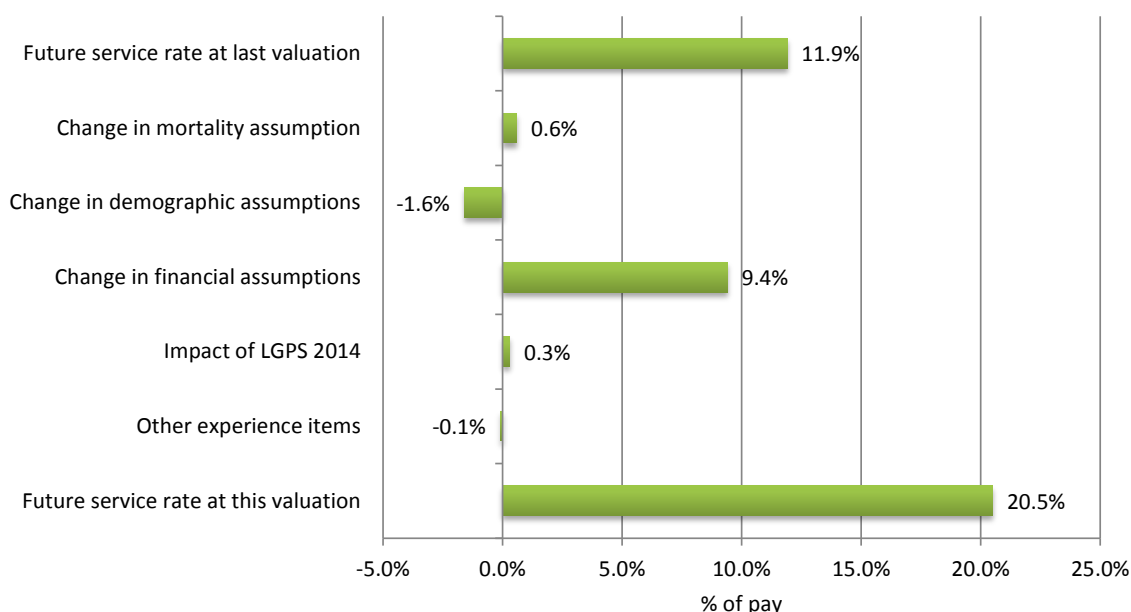
Note that the employee contribution rate includes any additional contributions being paid by employees as at 31 March 2013 into the Fund. This future service contribution rate makes no allowance for the past service deficit in the Fund described above.

The average future service rate for Fund employers is 20.5% of pay. This rate is calculated as at 31 March 2013 and therefore forms part of the total contribution rate payable by employers from 1 April 2014. Note this rate makes an allowance for changes to the benefit structure that take effect from 1 April 2014. In practice, a future service rate for each employer has been calculated which is based on their particular circumstances and membership profile.



Summary of changes to the future service rate

The chart below illustrates the factors that caused the future service rate to increase between 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2013:



As can be seen from this chart, the factors that have had the biggest impact on the future service rate between 2010 and 2013 are broadly similar to those discussed for the past service position.

In addition to this, the impact of the LGPS 2014 scheme has resulted in an increase in contribution rate of 0.3% of payroll.

Total common contribution rate payable

The total (or “common”) contribution rate payable is the average future service rate for Fund employers plus an additional amount to recover the deficit and bring the funding level back to 100% over a period of 19 years, as set out in the Funding Strategy Statement. This additional amount is referred to as the past service adjustment.

The common contribution rate based on the funding position as at 31 March 2013 is detailed below along with the results for 31 March 2010:

Valuation Date	31 March 2010	31 March 2013
Total contribution rate	% of pay	% of pay
Future service rate (incl. expenses)	11.9%	20.5%
Past Service Adjustment (19 year spread)	5.8%	7.4%
Total employer contribution rate	17.7%	27.9%

This does not represent the rate which any one employer is actually required to pay, nor is it the average of the actual employer rates. The actual employer contributions payable from 1 April 2014 are given in **Appendix G**, and these have been devised in line with the Funding Strategy Statement: see **section 6**.



5 Risk Assessment

The valuation results depend critically on the actuarial assumptions that are made about the future of the Fund. If all of the assumptions made at this valuation were exactly borne out in practice then the results presented in this document would represent the true cost of the Fund as it currently stands at 31 March 2013.

However, no one can predict the future with certainty and it is unlikely that future experience will exactly match all of our assumptions. The future therefore presents a variety of risks to the Fund and these should be considered as part of the valuation process. In particular:

- The main risks to the financial health of the Fund should be **identified**.
- Where possible, the financial significance of these risks should be **quantified**.
- Consideration should be given as to how these risks can then be **controlled** or **mitigated**.
- These risks should then be **monitored** to assess whether any mitigation is actually working.

This section investigates the potential implications of the actuarial assumptions not being borne out in practice.

Set out below is a brief assessment of the main risks and their effect on the valuation results, beginning with a look at the effect of changing the main assumptions and then focusing on the two most significant risks – namely investment risk and longevity risk.

Sensitivity of valuation results to changes in assumptions

The table below gives an indication of the sensitivity of the valuation results to small changes in some of the main assumptions used.

Assumption	Change	Impact	
		Deficit (£m)	Future service rate (% of pay)
Discount rate	Increases by 0.5%	Falls by £343m	Falls by 3%
Salary increases	Increases by 0.5%	Rises by £121m	No change
Price inflation / pension increases	Increases by 0.5%	Rises by £253m	Rises by 2%
Life expectancy	Increases by 1 year	Rises by £114m	Rises by 1%

This is not an exhaustive list of the assumptions used in the valuation. For example, changes to the assumed level of withdrawals and ill health retirements will also have an effect on the valuation results. However, the table contains those assumptions that typically are of most interest and have the biggest impact.

Note that the table shows the effect of changes to each assumption in isolation. In reality, it is perfectly possible for the experience of the Fund to deviate from more than one of our assumptions simultaneously and so the precise effect on the funding position is therefore more complex.



Investment risk

Sensitivity of valuation results to market conditions and investment performance

As the assets of the Fund are taken at their market value, volatility in investment performance can have an immediate and tangible effect on the funding level and deficit. This is particularly relevant because the Fund is invested predominantly in riskier assets such as equities and equity-type investments (e.g. property). A rise or fall in the level of equity markets has a direct impact on the financial position of the Fund, which may seem obvious.

Less obvious is the effect of anticipated investment performance on the Fund's liabilities (and future service cost). Here it is the returns available on government bonds that are of crucial importance, as the discount rate that we use to place a value on the Fund's liabilities is based on gilt yields at the valuation date plus a margin of 1.6% p.a.

The table below shows how the funding level (top), deficit (middle, in £m) and total contribution rate (bottom, as % of pay) would vary if investment conditions at 31 March 2013 had been different. The level of the FTSE 100 Price index is taken as a suitable proxy for asset performance whilst the index-linked gilt yield is taken as a yardstick for the valuation of liabilities.

Index Linked Gilt Yield	-0.10%	81%	86%	91%
		(700)	(521)	(343)
		27.2%	25.1%	23.1%
	-0.30%	78%	82%	87%
		(841)	(663)	(485)
		30.0%	27.9%	26.0%
	-0.50%	75%	79%	84%
		(989)	(811)	(632)
		32.8%	30.9%	28.9%
		5912	6412	6912
		FTSE 100 Price Index		

The shaded box contains the results for this valuation. Note that this does not take account of the performance of all asset classes held by the Fund (e.g. overseas equities, property, bonds, cash etc.) but it does serve to highlight, in broad terms, the sensitivity of the valuation results to investment conditions at the valuation date.

Note that the scenarios illustrated above are by no means exhaustive. They should not be taken as the limit of how extreme future investment experience could be. The discount rate assumption adopted at this valuation is expected to be appropriate over the long term. Short term volatility of equity markets does not invalidate this assumption.

Longevity risk

The valuation results are also very sensitive to unexpected changes in future longevity. All else being equal, if longevity improves in the future at a faster pace than allowed for in the valuation assumptions, the funding level will decline and the required employer contribution rates will increase.

Recent medical advances, changes in lifestyle and a greater awareness of health-related matters have resulted in life expectancy amongst pension fund members improving in recent years at a faster pace than was originally foreseen. It is unknown whether and to what extent such improvements will continue in the future.



For the purposes of this valuation, we have selected assumptions that we believe make an appropriate allowance for future improvements in longevity, based on the actual experience of the Fund since the previous valuation.

The table below shows how the valuation results at 31 March 2013 are affected by adopting different longevity assumptions.

Longevity assumption	Impact	
	Deficit (£m)	Future service rate
2010 valuation	(558)	11.9%
2013 valuation (with improvements)	(663)	20.5%
2013 valuation (further improvements)	(818)	21.8%
1 year extra	(937)	22.6%

The shaded box contains the results for this valuation.

Full details of the longevity improvements adopted at this valuation are set out in **Appendix E**.

The “further improvements” are a more cautious set of improvements that, in the short term, assume the ‘cohort effect’ of strong improvements in life expectancy currently being observed amongst a generation born around the early and mid 1930s will continue to strengthen for a few more years before tailing off. This is known as “non-peaked”.

The “1 year extra” figures relative to a further year of life expectancies beyond those assumed in “further improvements”.

Again, the range of assumptions shown here is by no means exhaustive and should not be considered as the limits of how extreme future longevity experience could be.

Other risks to consider

The table below summarises the effect that changes in some of the other valuation assumptions and risk factors would have on the funding position. Note that these are probably unlikely to have a large financial impact on the Fund and therefore the analysis is qualitative rather than quantitative.

Factor	Impact	
	Funding level	Future service rate
Greater level of ill health retirement	Decreases	Marginal
Reduced level of withdrawals	Decreases	No impact
Rise in average age of employee members	Marginal effect	Increases
Lower take up of 50:50 option	No impact	Increases

One further risk to consider is the possibility of future changes to Regulations that could materially affect the benefits that members become entitled to. It is difficult to predict the nature of any such changes but it is not inconceivable that they could affect not just the cost of benefits earned after the change but could also have a retrospective effect on the past service position (as the move from RPI to CPI based pension increases already has).

Managing the risks

Whilst there are certain things, such as the performance of investment markets or the life expectancy of members, that are not directly within the control of the pension fund, that does not mean that nothing can be done to understand them further and to mitigate their effect. Although these risks are difficult (or impossible) to eliminate, steps can be taken to manage them.

Ways in which some of these risks can be managed could be:



- Set aside a specific reserve to act as a cushion against adverse future experience (possibly by selecting a set of actuarial assumptions that are deliberately more prudent).
- Take steps internally to monitor the decisions taken by members and employers (e.g. relating to early / ill health retirements or salary increases) in a bid to curtail any adverse impact on the Fund.
- Pooling certain employers together at the valuation and then setting a single (pooled) contribution rate that they will all pay. This can help to stabilise contribution rates (at the expense of cross-subsidy between the employers in the pool during the period between valuations).
- Carrying out a review of the future security of the Fund's employers (i.e. assessing the strength of employer covenants).
- Carry out a bespoke analysis of the longevity of Fund members and monitor how this changes over time, so that the longevity assumptions at the valuation provide as close a fit as possible to the particular experience of the Fund.
- Undertake an asset-liability modelling exercise that investigates the effect on the Fund of possible investment scenarios that may arise in the future. An assessment can then be made as to whether long term, secure employers in the Fund can stabilise their future contribution rates (thus introducing more certainty into their future budgets) without jeopardising the long-term health of the Fund.
- Purchasing ill health liability insurance to mitigate the risk of an ill health retirement impacting on solvency and funding level of an individual employer where appropriate.
- Monitoring different employer characteristics in order to build up a picture of the risks posed. Examples include membership movements, cash flow positions and employer events such as cessations.

We would be pleased to set out in more detail the risks that affect the Fund and discuss with you possible strategies for managing them.



6 Related issues

The Fund's valuation operates within a broader framework, and this document should therefore be considered alongside the following:

- the Funding Strategy Statement, which in particular highlights how different types of employer in different circumstances have their contributions calculated;
- the Statement of Investment Principles (e.g. the discount rate must be consistent with the Fund's asset strategy);
- the general governance of the Fund, such as meetings of the Pensions Committee, decisions delegated to officers, the Fund's business plan, etc;
- the Fund's risk register;
- the register of Fund employers.

Further recommendations

Valuation frequency

Under the provisions of the LGPS regulations, the next formal valuation of the Fund is due to be carried out as at 31 March 2016. In light of the uncertainty of future financial conditions, we recommend that the financial position of the Fund (and for individual employers in some cases) is monitored by means of interim funding reviews in the period up to this next formal valuation. This will give early warning of changes to funding positions and possible contribution rate changes.

Investment strategy and risk management

We recommend that the Administering Authority continues to regularly review its investment strategy and ongoing risk management programme.

New employers joining the Fund

Any new employers or admission bodies joining the Fund should be referred to the Fund actuary for individual calculation as to the required level of contribution.

Additional payments

Employers may make voluntary additional contributions to recover any shortfall over a shorter period, subject to agreement with the Administering Authority and after receiving the relevant actuarial advice.

Further sums should be paid to the Fund by employers to meet the capital costs of any unreduced early retirements, reduced early retirements before age 60 and/or augmentation (i.e. additional membership or additional pension) using the methods and factors issued by me from time to time or as otherwise agreed.

In addition, payments may be required to be made to the Fund by employers to meet the capital costs of any ill-health retirements that exceed those allowed for within our assumptions.

Cessations and bulk transfers

Any Admission Body who ceases to participate in the Fund should be referred to us in accordance with Regulation 38 of the Administration Regulations.

Any bulk movement of scheme members:

- involving 10 or more scheme members being transferred from or to another LGPS fund, or
- involving 2 or more scheme members being transferred from or to a non-LGPS pension arrangement

should be referred to us to consider the impact on the Fund.



7 Reliances and limitations

Scope

This document has been requested by and is provided to Derbyshire County Council in its capacity as Administering Authority to the Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund. It has been prepared by Hymans Robertson LLP to fulfil the statutory obligations in accordance with regulation 36 of the Administration Regulations. None of the figures should be used for accounting purposes (e.g. under FRS17 or IAS19) or for any other purpose (e.g. a termination valuation under Regulation 38(1)).

This document should not be released or otherwise disclosed to any third party without our prior written consent, in which case it should be released in its entirety. Hymans Robertson LLP accepts no liability to any other party unless we have expressly accepted such liability.

The results of the valuation are dependent on the quality of the data provided to us by the Administering Authority for the specific purpose of this valuation. We have previously issued a separate report confirming that the data provided is fit for the purposes of this valuation and have commented on the quality of the data provided. The data used in our calculations is as per our report dated March 2014.

Actuarial Standards

The following Technical Actuarial Standards¹ are applicable in relation to this report and have been complied with where material:

- TAS R – Reporting;
- TAS D – Data;
- TAS M – Modelling; and
- Pensions TAS.

Richard Warden

Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

Geoff Nathan

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31 March 2014

¹ Technical Actuarial Standards (TASs) are issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) and set standards for certain items of actuarial work, including the information and advice contained in this report.



Appendix A: About the pension fund

For more details please refer to the Fund's Funding Strategy Statement.

The purpose of the Fund is to provide retirement and death benefits to its members. It is part of the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and is a multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme.

Defined benefit pension scheme

In a defined benefit scheme such as this, the nature of retirement benefits that members are entitled to is known in advance. For example, it is known that members will receive a pension on retirement that is linked to their salary and pensionable service according to a pre-determined formula.

However, the precise cost to the Fund of providing these benefits is **not** known in advance. The estimated cost of these benefits represents a liability to the Fund and assets must be set aside to meet this. The relationship between the value of the liabilities and the value of the assets must be regularly assessed and monitored to ensure that the Fund can fulfil its core objective of providing its members with the retirement benefits that they have been promised.

Liabilities

The Fund's liabilities are the benefits that will be paid in the future to its members (and their dependants).

The precise timing and amount of these benefit payments will depend on future experience, such as when members will retire, how long they will live for in retirement and what economic conditions will be like both before and after retirement. Because these factors are not known in advance, assumptions must be made about future experience. The valuation of these liabilities must be regularly updated to reflect the degree to which actual experience has been in line with these assumptions.

Assets

The Fund's assets arise from the contributions paid by its members and their employers and the investment returns that they generate. The way these assets are invested is of fundamental importance to the Fund. The selection, monitoring and evolution of the Fund's investment strategy are key responsibilities of the Administering Authority.

As the estimated cost of the Fund's liabilities is regularly re-assessed, this effectively means that the amount of assets required to meet them is a moving target. As a result, at any given time the Fund may be technically in surplus or in deficit.

A contribution strategy must be put in place which ensures that each of the Fund's employers pays money into the Fund at a rate which will target the cost of its share of the liabilities in respect of benefits already earned by members and those that will be earned in the future.

The long-term nature of the Fund

The pension fund is a long-term commitment. Even if it were to stop admitting new members today, it would still be paying out benefits to existing members and dependants for many decades to come. It is therefore essential that the various funding and investment decisions that are taken now recognise this and come together to form a coherent long-term strategy.

In order to assist with these decisions, the Regulations require the Administering Authority to obtain a formal valuation of the Fund every three years. Along with the Funding Strategy Statement, this valuation will help determine the funding objectives that will apply from 1 April 2014.



Appendix B: Summary of the Fund's benefits

Provided below is a brief summary of the non-discretionary benefits that we have taken into account for active members at this valuation. This should not be taken as a comprehensive statement of the exact benefits to be paid. For further details please see the Regulations.

Provision	Benefit Structure To 31 March 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2014
Normal retirement age (NRA)	Age 65.	Age 65.	Equal to the individual member's State Pension Age (minimum 65).
Earliest retirement age (ERA) on which immediate unreduced benefits can be paid on voluntary retirement	As per NRA (age 65). Protections apply to active members in the scheme immediately prior to 1 October 2006 who would have been entitled to immediate payment of unreduced benefits prior to 65 The benefits relating to various segments of scheme membership are protected as set out in Schedule 2 to the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008 and associated GAD guidance.		As per NRA (minimum age 65). Protections apply to active members in the scheme for pensions earned up to 1 April 2014, due to: a) Accrued benefits relating to pre April 2014 service at age 65. b) Continued 'Rule of 85' protection for qualifying members. c) Members within 10 yrs of existing NRA at 1/4/12 – no change to when they can retire and no decrease in pension they receive at existing NRA.
Member contributions	Officers - 6% of pensionable pay Manual Workers – 5% of pensionable pay if has protected lower rates rights or 6% for post 31 March 1998 entrants or former entrants with no protected rights.	Banded rates (5.5%-7.5%) depending upon level of full-time equivalent pay. A mechanism for sharing any increased scheme costs between employers and scheme members is included in the LGPS regulations.	Banded rates (5.5%-12.5%) depending upon level of actual pay. A mechanism for sharing any increased scheme costs between employers and scheme members is included in the LGPS regulations.
Pensionable pay	All salary, wages, fees and other payments in respect of the employment, excluding non-contractual overtime and some other specified amounts. Some scheme members may be covered by special agreements.		Pay including non-contractual overtime and additional hours.
Final pay	The pensionable pay in the year up to the date of leaving the scheme. Alternative methods used in some cases, e.g. where there has been a break in service or a drop in pensionable pay. Will be required for the statutory underpin and in respect of the final salary link that may apply in respect of certain members of the CARE scheme who have pre April 2014 accrual.		N/A



Provision	Benefit Structure To 31 March 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2014
Period of scheme membership	Total years and days of service during which a member contributes to the Fund. (e.g. transfers from other pension arrangements, augmentation, or from April 2008 the award of additional pension). For part time members, the membership is proportionate with regard to their contractual hours and a full time equivalent). Additional periods may be granted dependent on member circumstances.		N/A
Normal retirement benefits at NRA	<p>Annual Retirement Pension - 1/80th of final pay for each year of scheme membership.</p> <p>Lump Sum Retirement Grant - 3/80th of final pay for each year of scheme membership.</p>	<p>Annual Retirement Pension - 1/60th of final pay for each year of scheme membership.</p> <p>Lump Sum Retirement Grant – none except by commutation of pension.</p>	<p>Scheme membership from 1 April 2014: Annual Retirement Pension - 1/49th of pensionable pay (or assumed pensionable pay) for each year of scheme membership revalued to NRA in line with CPI.</p> <p>Lump Sum Retirement Grant - none except by commutation of pension.</p>
Option to increase retirement lump sum benefit	In addition to the standard retirement grant any lump sum is to be provided by commutation of pension (within overriding HMRC limits). The terms for the conversion of pension in to lump sum is £12 of lump sum for every £1 of annual pension surrendered.	No automatic lump sum. Any lump sum is to be provided by commutation of pension (within overriding HMRC limits). The terms for the conversion of pension in to lump sum is £12 of lump sum for every £1 of annual pension surrendered.	No automatic lump sum. Any lump sum is to be provided by commutation of pension (within overriding HMRC limits). The terms for the conversion of pension in to lump sum is £12 of lump sum for every £1 of annual pension surrendered.
Voluntary early retirement benefits (non ill-health)	On retirement after age 60, subject to reduction on account of early payment in some circumstances (in accordance with ERA protections).		On retirement after age 55, subject to reduction on account of early payment in some circumstances (in accordance with ERA protections).
Employer's consent early retirement benefits (non ill-health)	<p>On retirement after age 55 with employer's consent.</p> <p>Benefits paid on redundancy or efficiency grounds are paid with no actuarial reduction.</p> <p>Otherwise, benefits are subject to reduction on account of early payment, unless this is waived by the employer.</p>		<p>Benefits paid on redundancy or efficiency grounds are paid with no actuarial reduction.</p> <p>Employer's consent is no longer required for a member to retire from age 55. However, benefits are subject to reduction on account of early payment, unless this is waived by the employer.</p>



Provision	Benefit Structure To 31 March 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2014
Ill-health benefits	<p>As a result of permanent ill-health or incapacity.</p> <p>Immediate payment of unreduced benefits.</p> <p>Enhancement to scheme membership, dependent on actual membership.</p> <p>Enhancement seldom more than 6 years 243 days.</p>	<p>As a result of permanent ill-health or incapacity and a reduced likelihood of obtaining gainful employment (local government or otherwise) before age 65.</p> <p>Immediate payment of unreduced benefits.</p> <p>Enhanced to scheme membership, dependent on severity of ill health.</p> <p>100% of prospective membership to age 65 where no likelihood of undertaking any gainful employment prior to age 65;</p> <p>25% of prospective membership to age 65 where likelihood of obtaining gainful employment after 3 years of leaving, but before age 65; or</p> <p>0% of prospective membership where there is a likelihood of undertaking gainful employment within 3 years of leaving employment</p>	<p>As a result of permanent ill-health or incapacity and a reduced likelihood of obtaining gainful employment (local government or otherwise) before NRA.</p> <p>Immediate payment of unreduced benefits.</p> <p>Enhanced to scheme membership, dependent on severity of ill health.</p> <p>100% of prospective membership to age 65 where no likelihood of undertaking any gainful employment prior to age 65;</p> <p>25% of prospective membership to age 65 where likelihood of obtaining gainful employment after 3 years of leaving, but before age 65; or</p> <p>0% of prospective membership where there is a likelihood of undertaking gainful employment within 3 years of leaving employment</p>



Provision	Benefit Structure To 31 March 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2014
Flexible retirement	<p>After 5th April 2006, a member who has attained the age of 50, with his employer's consent, reduces the hours he works, or the grade in which he is employed, may elect in writing to the appropriate Administering Authority that such benefits may, with his employer's consent, be paid to him notwithstanding that he has not retired from that employment.</p> <p>Benefits are paid immediately and subject to actuarial reduction unless the reduction is waived by the employer.</p>	<p>A member who has attained the age of 55 and who, with his employer's consent, reduces the hours he works, or the grade in which he is employed, may make a request in writing to the appropriate Administering Authority to receive all or part of his benefits,</p> <p>Benefits are paid immediately and subject to actuarial reduction unless the reduction is waived by the employer.</p>	
Pension increases	<p>All pensions in payment, deferred pensions and dependant's pensions other than benefits arising from the payment of additional voluntary contributions are increased annually. Pensions are increased partially under the Pensions (Increases) Act and partially in accordance with statutory requirements (depending on the proportions relating to pre 88 GMP, post 88 GMP and excess over GMP).</p>		
Death after retirement	<p>A spouse's or civil partner's pension of one half of the member's pension (generally post 1 April 1972 service for widowers' pension and post 6 April 1988 for civil partners) is payable; plus</p> <p>If the member dies within five years of retiring and before age 75 the balance of five years' pension payments will be paid in the form of a lump sum; plus</p> <p>Children's pensions may also be payable.</p>	<p>A spouse's, civil partner's or nominated cohabiting partner's pension payable at a rate of 1/160th of the member's total membership multiplied by final pay (generally post 1 April 1972 service for widowers' pension and post 6 April 1988 for civil partners and nominated cohabiting partners) is payable; plus</p> <p>If the member dies within ten years of retiring and before age 75 the balance of ten years' pension payments will be paid in the form of a lump sum; plus</p> <p>Children's pensions may also be payable.</p>	



Provision	Benefit Structure To 31 March 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2008	Benefit Structure From 1 April 2014
Death in service	<p>A lump sum of two times final pay; plus</p> <p>A spouse's or civil partner's pension of one half of the ill-health retirement pension that would have been paid to the scheme member if he had retired on the day of death (generally post 1 April 1972 service for widowers' pension and post 6 April 1988 for civil partners); plus</p> <p>Children's pensions may also be payable.</p>	<p>A lump sum of three times final pay; plus</p> <p>A spouse's, civil partner's or cohabiting partner's pension payable at a rate of 1/160th of the member's total (augmented to age 65) membership (generally post 1 April 1972 service for widowers' pension and post 6 April 1988 for civil partners and nominated cohabiting partners), multiplied by final pay; plus</p> <p>Children's pensions may also be payable.</p>	
Leaving service options	<p>If the member has completed three months' or more scheme membership, deferred benefits with calculation and payment conditions similar to general retirement provisions ; or</p> <p>A transfer payment to either a new employer's scheme or a suitable insurance policy, equivalent in value to the deferred pension; or</p> <p>If the member has completed less than three months' scheme membership, a return of the member's contributions with interest, less a State Scheme premium deduction and less tax at the rate of 20%.</p>		<p>If the member has completed two years or more scheme membership, deferred benefits with calculation and payment conditions similar to general retirement provisions ; or</p> <p>A transfer payment to either a new employer's scheme or a suitable insurance policy, equivalent in value to the deferred pension; or</p> <p>If the member has completed less than two years scheme membership, a return of the member's contributions with interest, less a State Scheme premium deduction and less tax at the rate of 20%.</p>
State pension scheme	The Fund is contracted-out of the State Second Pension and the benefits payable to each member are guaranteed to be not less than those required to enable the Fund to be contracted-out.		
Assumed pensionable pay	N/A		This applies in cases of reduced contractual pay (CPP) resulting from sickness, child related and reserve forces absence, whereby the amount added to the CPP is the assumed pensionable pay rather than the reduced rate of pay actually received.
50/50 option	N/A		Optional arrangement allowing 50% of main benefits to be accrued on a 50% contribution rate.



Note: Certain categories of members of the Fund are entitled to benefits that differ from those summarised above.

Discretionary benefits

The LGPS Regulations give employers a number of discretionary powers. The effect on benefits or contributions as a result of the use of these provisions as currently contained within the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations has been allowed for in this valuation to the extent that this is reflected in the membership data provided. No allowance has been made for the future use of discretionary powers that will be contained within the scheme from 1 April 2014.



Appendix C: About the valuation

For more details please refer the Fund's Funding Strategy Statement.

It is important to realise that the actual cost of the pension fund (i.e. how much money it will ultimately have to pay out to its members in the form of benefits) is currently unknown. This cost will not be known with certainty until the last benefit is paid to the last pensioner. The core purpose of this valuation is to estimate what this cost will be, so that the Fund can then develop a strategy to meet it.

Such a valuation can only ever be an estimate – as the future cannot be predicted with certainty. However, as actuaries, we can use our understanding of the Fund and the factors that affect it to determine an anticipated cost which is as sensible and realistic as possible. A decision can then be made as to how much is set aside now to meet this anticipated cost. The pace of this funding can vary according to the level of prudence that is built into the valuation method and assumptions.

For this valuation, as for the previous valuation, our calculations identify separately the expected cost of members' benefits in respect of scheme membership completed before the valuation date ("past service") and that which is expected to be completed after the valuation date ("future service").

Past service

The principal measurement here is the comparison at the valuation date of the assets (taken at market value) and the value placed on the Fund's liabilities (calculated using a market-based approach). By maintaining a link to the market in both cases, this helps ensure that the assets and liabilities are valued in a consistent manner. Our calculation of the Fund's liabilities also explicitly allows for expected future pay and pension increases.

The funding level is the ratio of assets to liabilities at the valuation date. A funding level of less/more than 100% implies that there is a deficit/surplus in the Fund at the valuation date.

The funding target is to eliminate any deficit (or surplus) over a specified period and therefore get back to a funding level of 100%. To do so, additional contributions may be required to be paid into the Fund, either via lump sums or by increasing the employer's contribution rate. These additional contributions are known as the past service adjustment.

Future service

In addition to benefits that have already been earned by members prior to the valuation date, employee members will continue to earn new benefits in the future. The cost of these new benefits must be met by both employers and employees. The employers' share of this cost is known as the future service contribution rate.

For the valuation results for the Fund as a whole, we have calculated the future service rate as the cost of benefits being earned by members over the year following the valuation, taking account of expected future salary increases until retirement. If new entrants are admitted to the Fund to the extent that the overall membership profile remains broadly unchanged (and if the actuarial assumptions are unchanged) then the future service rate should be reasonably stable.

This funding method we have used is known as the Projected Unit Method. As well as the whole fund, it is appropriate for individual employers that continue to admit new entrants to the Fund.



However, some participating employers may have a policy of not admitting new entrants. In this case, the membership profile will inevitably begin to age. Under these circumstances, the Projected Unit Method is arguably no longer appropriate and will not promote sufficient stability in the future service rate. For these employers, we will adopt a funding method known as the Attained Age Method, which effectively looks at the cost of benefits that members will earn over the entirety of their remaining working lifetime (rather than just the year following the valuation).

Combining this future service rate with any past service adjustment required to repay a deficit (or reduce a surplus) gives us the total contribution rate. The total rate for the Fund as a whole is known as the common contribution rate. This is really just a notional figure. In practice, each individual employer will have a contribution rate which reflects their own particular circumstances.

The sensitivity of valuation results

The aim of this valuation is not only to determine these important figures but also to demonstrate their sensitivity to a number of key influences. This will promote an understanding of how the expected cost of the Fund may change in response to uncertain future events (e.g. changes in life expectancy or investment returns). Please refer to **section 5** for details of the sensitivity analysis.



Appendix D: Data

This section contains a summary of the membership, investment and accounting data provided by the Administering Authority for the purposes of this valuation (the corresponding membership and investment data from the previous valuation is also shown for reference). For further details of the data, and the checks and amendments performed in the course of this valuation, please refer to our separate report.

Membership data – whole fund

Employee members

	31 March 2010		31 March 2013	
	Number	Pensionable Pay* (£000)	Number	Pensionable Pay* (£000)
Total employee membership	35,184	574,968	33,281	527,079

*actual pay (not full-time equivalent)

Deferred pensioners

	31 March 2010		31 March 2013	
	Number	Deferred pension (£000)	Number	Deferred pension (£000)
Total deferred membership	20,056	23,928	24,352	31,198

The deferred pension shown includes revaluation up to and including the 2012 Pension Increase Order. The figures above also include any undecided leavers and frozen refunds at the valuation date.

Current pensioners, spouses and children

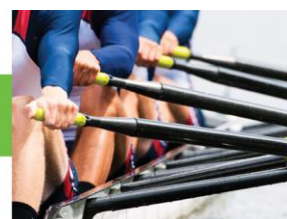
	31 March 2010		31 March 2013	
	Number	Pension (£000)	Number	Pension (£000)
Members	17,904	70,537	20,833	90,661
Dependants	2,933	6,739	3,248	7,975
Children	182	193	157	182
Total pensioner members	21,019	77,469	24,238	98,819

Note that the membership numbers in the table above refer to the number of records provided to us and so will include an element of double-counting in respect of any members who are in receipt (or potentially in receipt of) more than one benefit.

Membership Profile	Average Age (years)		FWL (years)	
	2010	2013	2010	2013
Employees	49.6	51.0	11.1	9.3
Deferred Pensioners	48.2	50.0	-	-
Pensioners	69.1	67.1	-	-

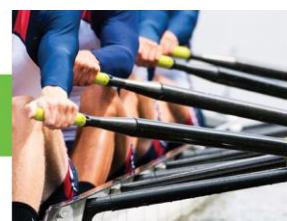
The average ages are weighted by liability.

The expected future working lifetime (FWL) indicates the anticipated length of time that the average employee member will remain as a contributor to the Fund. Note that it allows for the possibility of members leaving, retiring early or dying before retirement.



Membership data – individual employers

Employer code	Employer Name	Employees		Deferreds		Pensioners	
		Number	Actual Pay (£000)	Number	Pension (£000)	Number	Pension (£000)
1	Derbyshire County Council	16,719	229,173	11,247	11,049	12,793	45,367
10	(Derbyshire Magistrates Courts Committee)	0	0	87	247	105	603
11	(DCC - Transfer to Derbyshire Waste)	0	0	0	0	2	*
20	Derbyshire Probation Trust	346	8,210	173	352	188	1,257
30	(DCCAT)	0	0	0	0	1	*
40	Peak District National Park Authority	266	4,805	235	382	171	1,106
120	Futures Homescape Ltd	169	4,455	76	178	49	215
123	Derby Homes Ltd	373	8,900	140	232	97	587
124	Three Valleys Housing Ltd	102	2,426	66	251	84	512
125	High Peak Community Housing	112	2,192	65	128	51	238
126	Rykneld Homes	183	4,430	71	228	81	470
128	Acclaim Housing Group	61	1,513	38	127	42	185
130	Amber Valley Borough Council	243	5,350	379	631	516	2,897
131	Bolsover District Council	395	8,385	280	530	446	2,270
132	Chesterfield Borough Council	727	15,147	602	1,093	1,007	4,850
133	Derby City Council	5,075	79,594	4,407	5,179	2,179	9,929
134	Erewash Borough Council	366	7,538	401	801	562	3,213
135	High Peak Borough Council	194	4,112	383	722	430	2,544
136	North East Derbyshire District Council	369	8,004	396	867	616	3,162
137	South Derbyshire District Council	241	5,477	258	660	306	1,878
138	Derbyshire Dales District Council	279	5,330	261	345	324	1,673
139	Chesterfield Crematorium	5	*	6	6	14	74
140	(Chesterfield Transport)	0	0	48	144	147	588
141	(Derby Transport)	0	0	34	66	185	620
142	Morton Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
144	Shirebrook Town Council	6	83	2	*	4	*
145	New Mills Town Council	6	108	2	*	6	39
146	(Derwent & Hope Woodlands Parish Council)	0	0	0	0	1	*
147	Clay Cross Parish Council	1	*	2	*	6	19
148	Eckington Parish Council	1	*	0	0	1	*
149	(Smalley Parish Council)	0	0	0	0	1	*
150	Pinxton Parish Council	6	70	3	*	4	*
151	Wirksworth Town Council	5	*	0	0	5	*
152	Old Bolsover Town Council	7	110	0	0	8	28
153	(Bakewell Town Council)	0	0	1	*	0	0
155	Glapwell Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
156	(Buxton Civic Association)	0	0	0	0	1	*
157	Belper Town Council	6	73	1	*	5	*
159	(Elmton Parish Council)	0	0	0	0	1	*
160	Killamarsh Parish Council	8	101	20	12	9	13
161	Burnaston Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
162	Dronfield Town Council	0	0	0	0	2	*
165	North Wingfield Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
167	Derbyshire Valuation Tribunal	0	0	2	*	3	*
168	(Derby Lonsdale College)	0	0	6	2	8	32
169	University of Derby	1,020	20,487	1,004	1,217	418	1,505
170	Crich Tramway Museum	4	*	2	*	7	30
171	Ashbourne Town Council	3	*	1	*	4	*
172	Dronfield Town Council	10	138	3	*	11	26
173	Whitwell Parish Council	6	66	2	*	4	*
174	Tupton Parish Council	1	*	1	*	0	0
175	Staveley Town Council	8	134	1	*	7	31
176	Derbyshire Coalition for Inclusive Living (DCIL)	1	*	13	24	20	50
177	(DCDA)	0	0	0	0	1	*
178	Matlock Town Council	9	120	5	*	4	*
179	Whaley Bridge Town Council	1	*	0	0	1	*
181	Willington Parish Council	0	0	1	*	0	0
182	(Holymoorside Parish Council)	0	0	0	0	1	*
183	(Rethink)	0	0	2	*	1	*
184	Chesterfield Care Group	7	148	3	*	6	20
185	Belper Leisure Centre Ltd	21	280	35	28	7	10
186	Alfreton Town Council	5	*	0	0	1	*
187	Wingerworth Parish Council	2	*	1	*	0	0
188	Heanor & Loscoe Town Council	1	*	0	0	1	*
189	Darley Dale Town Council	1	*	1	*	0	0



191	(Broomfield College)	0	0	19	26	8	28
192	Chesterfield College	277	5,380	238	287	164	591
193	The University of Derby (including High Peak College)	0	0	21	8	27	62
194	(Mackworth College)	0	0	18	21	43	136
195	(North Derbyshire Tertiary College)	0	0	10	18	35	97
196	South East Derbyshire College	0	0	183	211	114	321
197	(Wilmorton College)	0	0	58	69	49	83
198	Derby College	538	9,618	447	687	136	457
200	(Severn Trent Water Authority)	0	0	0	0	4	*
204	(Dept Health Social Security)	0	0	0	0	6	29
233	Derby City as a result of LGR	494	10,161	508	1,486	1,161	4,917
234	Tibshelf Parish Council	2	*	0	0	0	0
235	Kilburn Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
236	Codnor Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
237	Shardlow & Great Wilne Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
238	Ticknall Parish Council	1	*	0	0	0	0
301	Ecclesbourne School	0	0	26	9	10	33
302	Netherthorpe School	1	*	12	8	11	25
303	Borrow Wood School	1	*	5	*	3	*
304	Chellaston School	0	0	27	14	21	40
305	Belmont School	0	0	2	*	2	*
306	Merrill College	0	0	65	59	23	60
307	Murray Park School	46	529	19	8	19	53
308	Noel Baker School	52	877	42	39	35	84
309	Belper School	95	875	47	23	34	77
310	Heanor Gate School	0	0	18	20	22	48
311	John Port School	1	*	40	25	38	79
312	Repton Primary School	0	0	3	*	5	*
313	Friesland School	74	928	61	28	27	59
314	Lady Manners School	90	970	48	33	48	94
315	The Pingle School	0	0	46	20	23	62
316	West Park Community School	0	0	20	15	25	83
317	Chellaston Junior School	61	428	26	12	3	*
318	William Gilbert School	0	0	7	3	5	*
319	Linton School	0	0	8	3	9	12
320	Redhill Primary School	0	0	11	3	8	12
321	St Mary's RC School	0	0	43	20	23	52
322	St John Houghton RC School	0	0	12	8	13	36
323	Woodlands School	0	0	34	28	20	45
325	Fairmeadows Primary School	8	100	2	*	4	*
326	Shelton Junior School	26	215	3	*	4	*
327	Ripley Mill Hill School	0	0	22	10	17	42
328	Pennine Way Junior School	0	0	2	*	1	*
329	Chinley Primary School	0	0	10	2	1	*
330	Dronfield Henry Fanshaw School	97	1,183	14	11	2	*
331	Nightingale Infant School	0	0	2	*	0	0
332	Swanwick Hall School	54	792	13	12	4	*
334	Osmaston Primary School	56	529	9	3	1	*
335	Chellaston Academy	72	708	8	5	2	*
336	Ecclesbourne School	50	634	10	7	3	*
337	Kirk Hallam Community Technology & Sports College	62	801	10	8	1	*
338	John Port School	81	1,016	13	8	3	*
339	Arboretum Primary School	62	543	12	8	0	0
340	Brookfield Academy	88	1,123	8	10	4	*
341	The Long Eaton School	66	906	17	8	4	*
342	West Park School	61	838	7	5	6	23
343	Queen Elizabeth's Grammar School Ashbourne Academy	72	1,030	11	12	1	*
344	Ormiston Ilkeston Academy	44	574	3	*	3	*
345	Hope Valley College	59	678	6	4	1	*
346	Ormiston Enterprise Academy (Formerly Bennerley)	35	555	4	*	0	0
347	Pennine Way Junior Academy	18	156	0	0	0	0
348	Heanor Gate Science College	75	912	3	*	4	*
349	Lees Brook Community Sports College	93	1,194	8	7	2	*
350	Staveley Netherthorpe School	52	551	2	*	2	*
351	Redhill Primary School	16	145	0	0	0	0
352	St John Houghton Catholic Voluntary Academy	35	501	1	*	0	0
353	Allestree Woodlands School	55	727	7	9	0	0
354	Grampian Primary Academy	13	88	0	0	0	0
355	Harrington Nursery School	11	86	1	*	0	0
356	Walbrook Nursery School	9	116	0	0	0	0
357	Pear Tree Infant School	32	302	0	0	2	*
358	Lawn Primary School	26	249	0	0	0	0
360	St Benedict Voluntary Catholic Academy	112	1,536	4	*	2	*
361	St Marys Catholic High School Academy Trust	74	741	4	*	1	*



362	St John fisher Catholic Voluntary Academy	17	150	0	0	0	0
363	St Georges Voluntary Catholic Academy	22	285	0	0	1	*
364	Wyndham Primary Academy (Boulton Primary School)	16	161	0	0	0	0
365	The Bolsover School	43	549	1	*	0	0
366	Landau Forte Academy Moorhead	25	218	0	0	0	0
367	Derby Pride Academy	4	*	0	0	0	0
368	Merrill Academy	41	634	1	*	0	0
401	Derbyshire Police Authority	1,396	31,507	695	1,255	742	3,234
402	Connexions	0	0	200	443	67	417
403	Derbyshire Fire & Rescue	175	4,143	103	244	98	518
404	Derbyshire Student Residences Ltd	53	704	48	19	10	21
405	Care Quality Commission	1	*	2	*	11	148
406	(North East Derbyshire Education Action Zone)	0	0	1	*	0	0
408	(Superclean Services)	0	0	1	*	1	*
409	(Derby and Derbyshire Economic Partnership)	0	0	6	4	2	*
410	Initial Facilities Management	0	0	0	0	2	*
414	Veolia (Chesterfield Refuse)	17	301	4	*	10	59
415	CSB Contract Services	0	0	0	0	1	*
416	Vinci UK Ltd	3	*	6	7	1	*
417	Veolia (Amber Valley Refuse)	20	391	5	*	8	49
418	Initial Facilities Management	6	46	1	*	6	13
419	Initial Catering Services Ltd	10	79	2	*	1	*
420	DC Leisure Management - AV	6	61	9	3	3	*
421	Leisure & Community Partnership (Amber Valley)	35	471	25	29	13	13
422	Landau Forte College	74	1,349	31	11	4	*
423	Vale Contract Services Ltd	2	*	6	9	2	*
424	Balfour Beatty	5	*	5	*	1	*
425	MacIntyre Care	24	461	5	*	4	*
426	SIV Enterprises Ltd	4	*	1	*	1	*
427	Veolia Ltd (High Peak Refuse)	28	579	6	15	3	*
428	DC Leisure - High Peak	1	*	1	*	0	0
429	HP Leisure & Community Partnership	43	495	16	22	1	*
431	APCOA Parking Services (UK) Ltd	4	*	1	*	2	*
432	Clean Slate (UK) Ltd	3	*	2	*	0	0
433	Brookwood	8	67	3	*	1	*
434	Dell Corporation Ltd	6	135	2	*	0	0
435	Superclean - Fire	3	*	1	*	3	*
436	Apollo Property Services Group Ltd	31	759	1	*	4	*
437	Ian Williams Ltd	0	0	2	*	0	0
438	Northgate Info Sol UK Ltd (SDDC)	49	1,097	14	42	5	*
439	Shirebrook Academy	45	564	8	13	8	9
440	NIC Services Group Ltd (Derby Coll)	2	*	0	0	1	*
441	Arvato Government Servies (Sefton) Ltd	104	1,830	9	25	10	66
442	Kier Ltd	27	644	2	*	4	*
443	Mitie Facilites Services Ltd	28	249	2	*	1	*
444	Compass Services (DCC)	6	29	0	0	1	*
445	Barnardos	5	*	1	*	0	0
446	Active Nation	12	147	5	*	0	0
447	ABM Catering Ltd (Derby Moor Sch)	7	50	0	0	0	0
449	Cream Catering Ltd.	2	*	0	0	0	0
450	ABM Catering Ltd (Gayton)	1	*	0	0	0	0
451	Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd	39	255	3	*	1	*
452	4 Children	28	317	3	*	0	0
453	Clean Slate (UK) Ltd (Pottery)	4	*	0	0	0	0
454	Clean Slate (UK) Ltd (City)	7	43	4	*	0	0
455	Office Care Ltd	4	*	0	0	0	0
456	Vinci Construction UK Ltd	2	*	0	0	0	0
457	Derby Museums & Art Trust	41	608	1	*	0	0
458	Elior UK	1	*	0	0	0	0
459	Nottingham Community Housing Association	2	*	0	0	0	0
460	Balfour Beatty (Derby BSF)	10	55	0	0	0	0
461	European Electronique LTD	2	*	0	0	0	0
462	Churchill Contractor Services	2	*	0	0	0	0



Assets at 31 March 2013

A summary of the Fund's assets (excluding members' money-purchase Additional Voluntary Contributions) as at 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2010 is as follows:

Asset class	Market Value at 31 March 2010 (£000)	Allocation %	Market Value at 31 March 2013 (£000)	Allocation %
UK equities	863,234	36%	1,087,843	35%
UK fixed interest gilts	256,639	11%	253,846	8%
UK corporate bonds	65,619	3%	102,777	3%
UK index-linked gilts	116,812	5%	176,545	6%
Overseas equities	782,141	32%	1,052,645	34%
Overseas bonds	60,785	3%	80,907	3%
Property	124,857	5%	147,749	5%
Cash and net current assets	138,424	6%	217,733	7%
Total	2,408,510	100%	3,120,045	100%

Note that, for the purposes of determining the funding position at 31 March 2013, the asset value we have used also includes the present value of expected future early retirement strain payments (amounting to £752,000).

Accounting data – revenue account for the three years to 31 March 2013

Consolidated accounts (£000)	Year to			Total
	31 March 2011	31 March 2012	31 March 2013	
Income				
Employer - normal contributions	75,795	70,733	66,702	213,230
Employer - additional contributions	30,052	33,900	34,886	98,838
Employer - augmentation contributions	108	0	12	120
Employee contributions	36,745	34,261	33,595	104,601
Transfers In Received (including group and individual)	13,721	9,589	7,604	30,914
Other Income	70	15	0	85
Total Income	156,491	148,498	142,799	447,788
Expenditure				
Gross Retirement Pensions	79,085	88,100	95,871	263,056
Lump Sum Retirement Benefits	28,620	37,691	22,118	88,429
Lump Sum Death Benefits	2,572	2,789	3,281	8,642
Gross Refund of Contributions	19	7	10	36
Transfers out (including bulk and individual)	11,206	7,906	7,916	27,028
Fees and Expenses	1,126	1,034	1,203	3,363
Total Expenditure	122,628	137,527	130,399	390,554
Net Cashflow	33,863	10,971	12,400	57,234
Assets at start of year	2,408,510	2,627,763	2,725,034	2,408,510
Net cashflow	33,863	10,971	12,400	57,234
Change in value	185,390	86,300	382,611	654,301
Assets at end of year	2,627,763	2,725,034	3,120,045	3,120,045
Approximate rate of return on assets	7.6%	3.3%	14.0%	26.7%

Note that the figures above are based on the Fund accounts provided to us for the purposes of this valuation, which were fully audited at the time of our valuation calculations.



Appendix E: Assumptions

Financial assumptions

Financial assumptions	31 March 2010 (% p.a.)	31 March 2013 (% p.a.)
Pre Retirement Discount rate	7.0%*	4.6%
Post Retirement Discount rate	5.5%*	4.6%
Price inflation	3.0%	2.5%
Pay increases**	4.75%	3.3%
Pension increases:		
pension in excess of GMP	3.0%	2.5%
post-88 GMP	-	2.5%
pre-88 GMP	0.0%	0.0%
Revaluation of deferred pension	3.0%	2.5%
Expenses	0.2%	0.2%

*For the purpose of the future service rate, 6.75% p.a. was used

**An allowance is also made for promotional pay increases (see table below).

Mortality assumptions

Longevity assumptions	31 March 2013
Longevity - baseline	Vita curves
Longevity - improvements	
CMI Model version used	CMI_2010
Starting rates	CMI calibration based on data from Club Vita using the latest available data as at December 2011.
Long term rate of improvement	Period effects: 1.25% p.a. for men and women. Cohort effects: 0% p.a. for men and for women.
Period of convergence	Period effects: CMI model core values i.e. 10 years for ages 50 and below and 5 years for those aged 95 and above, with linear transition to 20 years for those aged between 60 and 80. Cohort effects: CMI core i.e. 40 years for those born in 1947 or later declining linearly to 5 years for those born in 1912 or earlier.
Proportion of convergence remaining at mid point	50%

We have adopted a longevity improvement assumption based on the latest industry standard and combined information from our longevity experts in Club Vita. The start point for the improvements has been based on observed death rates in the Club Vita data bank over the period.

In the short term we have assumed that the 'cohort effect' of strong improvements in life expectancy currently being observed amongst a generation born around the early and mid 1930s will start to tail off, resulting in life expectancy increasing less rapidly than has been seen over the last decade or two. This is known as 'peaked'.



In the long term (post age 70) we have assumed that increases in life expectancy will stabilise at a rate of increase of 1 year per decade for men and women. This is equivalent to assuming that longer term mortality rates will fall at a rate of 1.25% p.a. for men and women.

As a member of Club Vita, the longevity assumptions that have been adopted at this valuation are a bespoke set of VitaCurves that are specifically tailored to fit the membership profile of the Fund. These curves are based on the data that was provided for the purposes of this valuation. Full details of these are available on request.

Other demographic valuation assumptions

Retirements in ill health	Allowance has been made for ill-health retirements before Normal Pension Age (see table below).
Withdrawals	Allowance has been made for withdrawals from service (see table below).
Family details	A varying proportion of members are assumed to be married (or have an adult dependant) at retirement or on earlier death. For example, at age 60 this is assumed to be 90% for males and 85% for females. Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.
Commutation	50% of future retirements elect to exchange pension for additional tax free cash up to HMRC limits for service to 1 April 2008 (equivalent 75% for service from 1 April 2008).
50:50 option	10% of members (uniformly distributed across the age, service and salary range) will choose the 50:50 option.
Age retirement	<p>The retirement age for a current active member is assumed to be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rule of 85 for those born before 31 March 1960 and protected under current regulations; • 65 for all members if they attain age 65 before 1 April 2022; otherwise • State pension age. <p>Deferred members are assumed to retire at: age 60 if they left active status before 1 April 2008; age 62 if they left between 1 April 2008 and 31 March 2010; otherwise 65.</p>

The tables below show details of the assumptions actually used for specimen ages. The promotional pay scale is an annual average for all employees at each age. It is in addition to the allowance for general pay inflation described above. For membership movements, the percentages represent the probability that an individual at each age leaves service within the following twelve months.



Death in Service table

Age	Incidence per 1000 active members per annum			
	Male officers and Post 98	Male Manuals	Female officers and Post 98	Female Manuals
	Death	Death	Death	Death
20	0.21	0.27	0.12	0.15
25	0.21	0.27	0.12	0.15
30	0.26	0.32	0.18	0.22
35	0.30	0.37	0.30	0.37
40	0.51	0.64	0.48	0.60
45	0.85	1.07	0.77	0.97
50	1.36	1.71	1.13	1.42
55	2.13	2.68	1.49	1.87
60	3.83	4.82	1.90	2.39
65	6.38	8.03	2.44	3.07

Promotional salary scale

Age	Promotional Salary Scales							
	Male Officers & Post 98 Males		Male Manuals		Female Officers & Post 98 Females		Female Manuals	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
25	135	116	100	100	118	105	100	100
30	169	134	100	100	137	111	100	100
35	192	146	100	100	151	116	100	100
40	208	153	100	100	163	121	100	100
45	222	154	100	100	166	122	100	100
50	236	154	100	100	166	122	100	100
55	239	154	100	100	166	122	100	100
60	239	154	100	100	166	122	100	100
65	239	154	100	100	166	122	100	100



III Health Early Retirements tables

Tier 1

Age	Incidence for 1000 active members per annum							
	Male Officers & Post 98 Males		Male Manuals		Female Officers & Post 98 Females		Female Manuals	
	III Health		III Health		III Health		III Health	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.60	0.15	0.11	0.79	0.79
30	0.00	0.00	1.11	1.11	0.20	0.15	1.15	1.15
35	0.15	0.11	1.66	1.66	0.40	0.30	1.58	1.58
40	0.25	0.19	2.42	2.42	0.60	0.45	2.30	2.30
45	0.55	0.42	3.33	3.33	0.81	0.60	3.02	3.02
50	1.41	1.06	4.94	4.94	1.51	1.13	4.03	4.03
55	5.53	4.15	11.69	11.69	5.61	4.20	10.83	10.83
60	9.73	7.30	18.74	18.74	11.89	8.92	19.05	19.05
65	18.48	13.86	36.12	36.12	21.37	16.03	36.12	36.12

Tier 2

Age	Incidence for 1000 active members per annum							
	Male Officers & Post 98 Males		Male Manuals		Female Officers & Post 98 Females		Female Manuals	
	III Health		III Health		III Health		III Health	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.64	0.16	0.12	0.84	0.84
30	0.00	0.00	1.18	1.18	0.21	0.16	1.22	1.22
35	0.16	0.12	1.77	1.77	0.43	0.32	1.68	1.68
40	0.27	0.20	2.57	2.57	0.64	0.48	2.45	2.45
45	0.59	0.44	3.53	3.53	0.86	0.64	3.21	3.21
50	1.90	1.42	6.65	6.65	2.03	1.53	5.43	5.43
55	4.27	3.20	9.03	9.03	4.33	3.25	8.37	8.37
60	3.66	2.75	7.05	7.05	4.48	3.36	7.17	7.17
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Tier 3

Age	Incidence for 1000 active members per annum							
	Male Officers & Post 98 Males		Male Manuals		Female Officers & Post 98 Females		Female Manuals	
	III Health		III Health		III Health		III Health	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.38	0.09	0.07	0.55	0.44
30	0.09	0.07	0.77	0.62	0.15	0.12	0.77	0.61
35	0.12	0.10	1.16	0.93	0.30	0.24	1.11	0.88
40	0.21	0.17	1.61	1.29	0.39	0.31	1.53	1.22
45	0.48	0.38	2.32	1.86	0.62	0.50	1.96	1.56
50	0.26	0.21	0.68	0.54	0.24	0.20	0.58	0.46
55	0.37	0.30	0.77	0.61	0.45	0.36	0.76	0.61
60	0.21	0.17	0.42	0.33	0.25	0.20	0.42	0.33
65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Withdrawal

Less than 2 years' service

Age	Incidence for 1000 active members per annum											
	Male Officers Withdrawals		Male Manuals Withdrawals		Female Officers Withdrawals		Female Manuals Withdrawals		Post 98 Males Withdrawals		Post 98 Females Withdrawals	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	304.04	506.74	304.04	506.74	288.39	400.55	288.39	400.55	557.41	1000.00	384.52	640.87
25	200.83	334.72	201.20	335.01	194.07	269.50	194.43	269.79	368.19	736.38	258.74	431.17
30	142.53	237.46	143.05	237.91	162.69	225.89	163.17	226.27	261.24	522.40	216.89	361.38
35	111.38	185.51	112.17	186.19	140.45	194.94	141.07	195.43	204.11	408.11	187.19	311.79
40	89.71	149.31	90.77	150.23	116.92	162.22	117.80	162.92	164.33	328.47	155.80	259.40
45	73.64	122.28	75.03	123.55	96.49	133.73	97.50	134.54	134.71	268.98	128.49	213.73
50	56.96	94.68	57.28	95.02	73.34	101.75	73.60	101.96	104.26	208.28	97.73	162.71
55	49.47	82.09	49.77	82.44	56.73	78.59	56.97	78.78	90.46	180.57	75.53	125.58
60	29.97	49.75	30.13	49.94	26.40	36.55	26.52	36.65	54.81	109.43	35.13	58.39

More than 2 years' service

Age	Incidence for 1000 active members per annum											
	Male Officers Withdrawals		Male Manuals Withdrawals		Female Officers Withdrawals		Female Manuals Withdrawals		Post 98 Males Withdrawals		Post 98 Females Withdrawals	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	119.85	199.76	119.85	199.76	113.69	157.90	113.69	157.90	219.73	439.46	151.58	252.63
25	79.17	131.95	79.31	132.06	76.50	106.24	76.64	106.35	145.14	290.28	101.99	169.97
30	56.18	93.60	56.39	93.78	64.13	89.05	64.32	89.20	102.98	205.93	85.50	142.46
35	43.90	73.12	44.22	73.40	55.37	76.84	55.61	77.04	80.46	160.88	73.79	122.91
40	35.36	58.85	35.79	59.22	46.09	63.95	46.44	64.22	64.78	129.48	61.42	102.26
45	29.03	48.18	29.59	48.71	38.04	52.72	38.44	53.04	53.10	106.03	50.65	84.25
50	22.45	37.31	22.58	37.46	28.91	40.11	29.01	40.19	41.10	82.10	38.52	64.14
55	19.50	32.35	19.62	32.50	22.36	30.98	22.46	31.06	35.66	71.18	29.77	49.50
60	11.82	19.60	11.88	19.69	10.41	14.41	10.46	14.45	21.61	43.14	13.85	23.02



Appendix F: Events since valuation date

Post-valuation events

These valuation results are in effect a snapshot of the Fund as at 31 March 2013. Since that date, various events have had an effect on the financial position of the Fund. Whilst we have not explicitly altered the valuation results to allow for these events, a short discussion of these “post-valuation events” can still be beneficial in understanding the variability of pension funding.

Investment conditions since 31 March 2013

In the period from the valuation date to early March 2014, investment markets moved in the following manner:

- asset returns have been broadly in line with expectations; and
- long term Government bond yields have risen by more than long term expected price inflation, which is likely to have reduced past service liabilities by 5-6%.

This is for information only: the figures in this report have been prepared using membership data, audited asset information and market-based assumptions all as at 31 March 2013. In particular, we do not propose amending any of the contribution rates listed in the Rates & Adjustments Certificate on the basis of these market changes.

The contribution rates are finalised within a risk-measured framework as laid out in the Fund’s Funding Strategy Statement (FSS). This framework allows for future uncertainty in financial markets after the valuation date. Given this, the Fund does not believe that adjusting contribution rates upwards or downwards as a result of market changes after the valuation date is required and is not consistent with prudent financial management over the longer term.

Other events

Other than investment conditions changes above, I am not aware of any material changes or events occurring since the valuation date.



Appendix G: Rates and adjustments certificate

In accordance with regulation 36(1) of the Administration Regulations we have made an assessment of the contributions that should be paid into the Fund by participating employers for the period 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2017 in order to maintain the solvency of the Fund.

The method and assumptions used to calculate the contributions set out in the Rates and Adjustments certificate are detailed in the Funding Strategy Statement and our report on the actuarial valuation dated 31 March 2014.

The required minimum contribution rates are set out in the table below,

Signature:

Date: 31 March 2014

31 March 2014

Name: Richard Warden

Geoff Nathan

Qualification: Fellow of the Institute and
Faculty of Actuaries

Fellow of the Institute and
Faculty of Actuaries

Firm: Hymans Robertson LLP

Hymans Robertson LLP

20 Waterloo Street

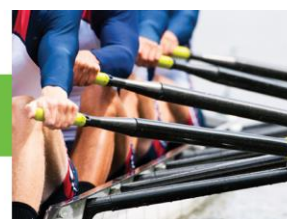
20 Waterloo Street

Glasgow

Glasgow

G2 6DB

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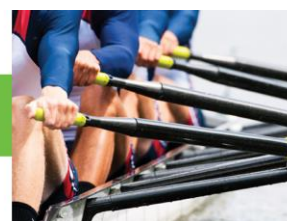
Statement to the rates and adjustments certificate

The Common Rate of Contribution payable by each employing authority under regulation 36(4)(a) of the Administration Regulations for the period 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2017 is 27.9% of pensionable pay (as defined in Appendix B).

Individual Adjustments are required under regulation 36(4)(b) of the Administration Regulations for the period 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2017 resulting in Minimum Total Contribution Rates expressed as a percentage of pensionable pay (plus monetary amounts where appropriate) as set out below.

The contributions shown include expenses and the expected cost of lump sum death benefits but exclude early retirement strain and augmentation costs which are payable by Fund employers in addition.

Employer code	Employer name	Contributions currently being paid in 2013/14	Minimum Contributions for the Year Ending		
			31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2017
Scheduled Bodies					
130	Amber Valley Borough Council	11.5% plus £1,005,800	12.0% plus £961,000	12.5% plus £993,000	13.0% plus £1,026,000
131	Bolsover District Council	11.9% plus £1,041,800	12.9% plus £876,000	12.9% plus £905,000	12.9% plus £934,000
132	Chesterfield Borough Council	12.2% plus £1,768,800	13.2% plus £1,811,000	13.2% plus £1,871,000	13.2% plus £1,932,000
139	Chesterfield Crematorium	12.8% plus £15,600	17.8% plus £26,000	17.8% plus £27,000	17.8% plus £28,000
133/233	Derby City Council (including Schools) (see Note 5)	11.5% plus £6,930,200	12.5% plus £7,311,000	12.5% plus £7,521,000	12.5% plus £7,740,000
123	Derby Homes Ltd	10.9% plus £258,700	12.4% plus £264,000	12.4% plus £272,000	12.4% plus £281,000
1	Derbyshire County Council (including Schools)	12.5% plus £14,331,600	13.5% plus £14,131,000	13.5% plus £14,597,000	13.5% plus £15,079,000
138	Derbyshire Dales District Council	11.6% plus £595,000	12.6% plus £586,000	12.6% plus £606,000	12.6% plus £626,000
403	Derbyshire Fire & Rescue	11.2% plus £173,100	12.2% plus £155,000	12.2% plus £160,000	12.2% plus £165,000
401	Derbyshire Police Authority	10.9% plus £1,317,000	11.9% plus £1,333,000	11.9% plus £1,377,000	11.9% plus £1,422,000
134	Erewash Borough Council	11.1% plus £1,012,300	12.1% plus £1,024,000	12.1% plus £1,057,000	12.1% plus £1,092,000
135	High Peak Borough Council	11.4% plus £1,319,900	12.4% plus £1,668,000	12.4% plus £1,723,000	12.4% plus £1,779,000
136	North East Derbyshire District Council	11.7% plus £1,436,000	12.7% plus £1,389,000	12.7% plus £1,434,000	12.7% plus £1,482,000
40	Peak District National Park Authority	12.0% plus £241,100	13.0% plus £204,000	13.0% plus £210,000	13.0% plus £217,000
126	Rykneld Homes	13.5% plus £16,600	15.0% plus £19,000	15.0% plus £19,000	15.0% plus £20,000
137	South Derbyshire District Council	11.8% plus £664,000	12.8% plus £616,000	12.8% plus £637,000	12.8% plus £658,000
20	Derbyshire Probation Trust (see Note 6)	10.1% plus £435,700	10.1%	-	-
Further Education Establishments					
192	Chesterfield College	11.9% plus £133,800	12.9% plus £144,000	12.9% plus £148,000	12.9% plus £153,000
198	Derby College	11.2% plus £449,400	11.7% plus £401,000	12.2% plus £414,000	12.7% plus £428,000
422	Landau Forte College	10.3% plus £1,300	11.3% plus £2,000	11.3% plus £2,000	11.3% plus £3,000
169	University of Derby	10.7% plus £651,900	11.7% plus £677,000	11.7% plus £700,000	11.7% plus £723,000
Town and Parish Councils					
-	Town and Parish Councils (Pre 2001) (see Note 4)	21.8%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%
-	Town and Parish Councils (Post 2001) (see Note 4)	15.2%	16.2%	16.2%	16.2%
Academies					
353	Allestree Woodlands School	11.3% plus £38,600	12.8% plus £47,000	12.8% plus £49,000	12.8% plus £51,000
340	Brookfield Academy	11.9% plus £58,200	13.4% plus £67,000	13.4% plus £69,000	13.4% plus £72,000
335	Chellaston Academy	11.9% plus £44,400	13.4% plus £49,000	13.4% plus £50,000	13.4% plus £52,000
367	Derby Pride Academy	10.0% plus £2,400	11.5% plus £4,000	11.5% plus £5,000	11.5% plus £5,000
336	Ecclesbourne School	13.7% plus £42,500	15.2% plus £39,000	15.2% plus £40,000	15.2% plus £41,000
354	Grampian Primary Academy	11.8% plus £5,400	13.3% plus £5,000	13.3% plus £6,000	13.3% plus £6,000
348	Heanor Gate Science College	13.1% plus £51,100	14.6% plus £56,000	14.6% plus £57,000	14.6% plus £59,000
345	Hope Valley College	12.6% plus £35,300	14.1% plus £42,000	14.1% plus £43,000	14.1% plus £44,000
338	John Port School	12.2% plus £56,200	13.7% plus £59,000	13.7% plus £61,000	13.7% plus £63,000
337	Kirk Hallam Community Technology & Sports College	11.5% plus £41,000	13.0% plus £50,000	13.0% plus £52,000	13.0% plus £54,000
366	Landau Forte Academy Moorhead	13.8% plus £11,000	15.3% plus £14,000	15.3% plus £14,000	15.3% plus £15,000
349	Lees Brook Community Sports College	10.8% plus £59,200	12.3% plus £74,000	12.3% plus £76,000	12.3% plus £79,000
368	Merrill Academy	10.6% plus £35,000	12.1% plus £40,000	12.1% plus £41,000	12.1% plus £43,000
347	Pennine Way Junior Academy	12.3% plus £7,400	13.8% plus £11,000	13.8% plus £12,000	13.8% plus £12,000
343	Queen Elizabeth's Grammar School Ashbourne Academy	11.1% plus £62,300	12.6% plus £69,000	12.6% plus £71,000	12.6% plus £73,000
351	Redhill Primary School	13.2% plus £6,800	14.7% plus £8,000	14.7% plus £9,000	14.7% plus £9,000
360	St Benedict Voluntary Catholic Academy	12.2% plus £82,800	13.7% plus £96,000	13.7% plus £99,000	13.7% plus £103,000
363	St Georges Voluntary Catholic Academy	11.3% plus £15,600	12.8% plus £18,000	12.8% plus £18,000	12.8% plus £19,000
362	St John fisher Catholic Voluntary Academy	12.9% plus £8,700	14.4% plus £9,000	14.4% plus £10,000	14.4% plus £10,000
352	St John Houghton Catholic Voluntary Academy	12.1% plus £26,700	13.6% plus £30,000	13.6% plus £31,000	13.6% plus £32,000
361	St Marys Catholic High School Academy Trust	14.0% plus £36,500	15.5% plus £43,000	15.5% plus £44,000	15.5% plus £46,000
350	Staveley Netherthorpe School	12.2% plus £28,300	13.7% plus £32,000	13.7% plus £34,000	13.7% plus £35,000
365	The Bolsover School	12.7% plus £33,700	14.2% plus £34,000	14.2% plus £35,000	14.2% plus £37,000
341	The Long Eaton School	12.1% plus £46,500	13.6% plus £54,000	13.6% plus £55,000	13.6% plus £57,000
344/346	The Ormiston Ilkeston Enterprise Academy (see Note 1)	11.8% plus £61,200	13.3% plus £73,000	13.3% plus £75,000	13.3% plus £78,000
342	West Park School	13.8% plus £51,900	15.3% plus £55,000	15.3% plus £57,000	15.3% plus £59,000
364	Wyndham Primary Academy (Boulton Primary School)	11.5% plus £9,900	13.0% plus £10,000	13.0% plus £10,000	13.0% plus £11,000



Employer code	Employer name	Contributions currently being paid in 2013/14	Minimum Contributions for the Year Ending		
			31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2017
Admitted Bodies					
452	4 Children	11.6%	15.5%	15.5%	15.5%
447	ABM Catering Ltd (Derby Moor Sch)	17.0%	26.9%	26.9%	26.9%
450	ABM Catering Ltd (Gayton)	12.3%	14.4%	14.4%	14.4%
128	Dales Housing	14.9% plus £120,500	16.4% plus £105,000	16.4% plus £108,000	16.4% plus £112,000
446	Active Nation	11.9%	19.9% plus £2,000	19.9% plus £2,000	19.9% plus £2,000
431	APCOA Parking Services (UK) Ltd	16.7% less £8,500	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%
436	Apollo Property Services Group Ltd	15.5%	26.2% plus £9,000	26.2% plus £9,000	26.2% plus £10,000
441	Arvato Government Servies (Sefton) Ltd	14.5%	23.9% plus £15,000	23.9% plus £16,000	23.9% plus £16,000
424	Balfour Beatty	14.2% less £400	24.4%	24.4%	24.4%
460	Balfour Beatty (Derby BSF)	14.2%	18.4%	18.4%	18.4%
445	Barnardos	14.5%	19.4% plus £1,000	19.4% plus £1,000	19.4% plus £1,000
185	Belper Leisure Centre Ltd	13.0% plus £17,200	22.8% plus £19,000	22.8% plus £20,000	22.8% plus £21,000
433	Brookwood	15.9% less £1,700	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%
184	Chesterfield Care Group	14.1% plus £3,800	19.3% plus £3,000	19.3% plus £3,000	19.3% plus £3,000
462	Churchill Contractor Services	15.1%	18.1%	18.1%	18.1%
454	Clean Slate (UK) Ltd (City)	15.4%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%
453	Clean Slate (UK) Ltd (Pottery)	15.4%	23.4%	23.4%	23.4%
451	Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd	11.6%	10.3%	10.3%	10.3%
444	Compass Services (DCC)	15.7%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%
449	Cream Catering Ltd.	17.3%	22.2%	22.2%	22.2%
170	Crich Tramway Museum	10.9% plus £10,200	24.0% plus £14,000	24.0% plus £14,000	24.0% plus £15,000
434	Dell Corporation Ltd	12.6% less £2,400	13.9%	13.9%	13.9%
457	Derby Museums & Art Trust	14.0%	20.9%	20.9%	20.9%
176	Derbyshire Coalition for Inclusive Living (DCIL)	15.7% plus £2,300	26.7% plus £14,000	26.7% plus £15,000	26.7% plus £15,000
404	Derbyshire Student Residences Ltd	12.7% plus £8,200	21.6% plus £2,000	21.6% plus £2,000	21.6% plus £2,000
458	Elior UK	18.8%	27.0%	27.0%	27.0%
461	European Electronique LTD	11.7%	13.4%	13.4%	13.4%
120	Futures Homescape Ltd	12.3% plus £46,000	13.8% plus £54,000	13.8% plus £55,000	13.8% plus £57,000
419	Initial Catering Services Ltd	16.5% less £800	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%
418	Initial Facilities Management	17.7% plus £2,500	26.2%	26.2%	26.2%
442	Kier Ltd	13.8%	22.9% plus £3,000	22.9% plus £3,000	22.9% plus £3,000
420/421	Leisure Amber Valley (see Note 2)	13.6% less £5,900	18.2%	18.2%	18.2%
428/429	Leisure High Peak (see Note 3)	13.0% less £16,300	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
425	MacIntyre Care	15.1% less £7,200	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
443	Mitie Facilites Services Ltd	16.2%	24.9%	24.9%	24.9%
440	NIC Services Group Ltd (Derby Coll)	16.3%	17.6%	17.6%	17.6%
438	Northgate Info Sol UK Ltd (SDDC)	14.3%	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%
459	Nottingham Community Housing Association	19.4%	20.9%	20.9%	20.9%
439	Shirebrook Academy	12.4% plus £49,200	13.9% plus £51,000	13.9% plus £52,000	13.9% plus £54,000
426	SIV Enterprises Ltd	14.6% plus £3,500	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%
435	Superclean - Fire	15.7% less £500	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%
124	Three Valleys Housing Ltd	12.6% plus £119,500	14.1% plus £131,000	14.1% plus £135,000	14.1% plus £139,000
417	Veolia (Amber Valley Refuse)	15.4%	24.7%	24.7%	24.7%
414	Veolia (Chesterfield Refuse)	15.9% less £5,500	26.5%	26.5%	26.5%
456	Vinci Construction UK Ltd	15.7%	19.2%	19.2%	19.2%
416	Vinci UK Ltd	16.8% less £300	28.7%	28.7%	28.7%

New employers since 31 March 2013

371	English Martyrs	12.7% plus £8,400	14.2% plus £9,000	14.2% plus £9,000	14.2% plus £10,000
463	Bulloughs	18.4%	18.4%	18.4%	18.4%
464	Clean Slate UK Ltd (Ashgate)	12.3%	12.3%	12.3%	12.3%
466	Arvato (DDDC)	15.0%	15.0%	15.0%	15.0%
467	Derby County Community Trust	16.4%	16.4%	16.4%	16.4%

Notes:

Contributions expressed as a percentage of payroll and monetary amounts (where appropriate) should be paid into Derbyshire County Council Pension Fund ('the Fund') at a frequency in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations.

Further sums should be paid into the Fund to meet the cost of any non-ill health early retirement or augmentation (i.e. additional membership or additional pension) using methods and factors issued by me from time to time, or GAD guidance if I consider it to be appropriate. In addition, further sums may be required to meet the capital costs of any ill-health retirements that exceed these included within my assumptions.

The certified contribution rates represent the minimum level of contributions to be paid. Employing authorities may pay further amounts at any time and future periodic contributions may be adjusted on a basis approved by the Fund actuary.



- 1) The Ormiston Ilkeston Enterprise Academy - Ormiston Ilkeston Academy and Ormiston Enterprise Academy have merged.
- 2) Leisure Amber Valley - Leisure and Community Partnership (Amber Valley) and DC Leisure Management (Amber Valley) are grouped together for funding purposes.
- 3) Leisure High Peak - Leisure and Community Partnership (High Peak) and DC Leisure Management (High Peak) are grouped together for funding purposes.
- 4) The Town and Parish Councils are split as per the following table:

Town and Parish Councils (Pre 2001)	Town and Parish Councils (Post 2001)
Ashbourne Town Council	Alfreton Town Council
Bakewell Town Council	Burnaston Parish Council
Belper Town Council	Codnor Parish Council
Clay Cross Parish Council	Darley Dale Town Council
Derwent & Hope Woodlands Parish Council	Heanor & Loscoe Town Council
Dronfield Town Council	Kilburn Parish Council
Dronfield Town Council	Morton Parish Council
Eckington Parish Council	North Wingfield Parish Council
Elmton Parish Council	Shardlow & Great Wilne Parish Council
Glapwell Parish Council	Tibshelf Parish Council
Holymoorside Parish Council	Ticknall Parish Council
Killamarsh Parish Council	Tupton Parish Council
Matlock Town Council	Wingerworth Parish Council
New Mills Town Council	
Old Bolsover Town Council	
Pinxton Parish Council	
Shirebrook Town Council	
Smalley Parish Council	
Staveley Town Council	
Whaley Bridge Town Council	
Whitwell Parish Council	
Willington Parish Council	
Wirksworth Town Council	

- 5) Derby City Council – The contribution rate shown includes payments towards estimated outstanding non-ill health early retirement strains. The actual contribution rates payable will be adjusted to allow for actual non-ill health early retirement strains that have occurred since 1 April 2011 and for any overpayment of past service deficit contributions made during 2013/14.
- 6) Derbyshire Probation Trust – The employer is due to transfer out of the Fund on 1 June 2014. The contribution rate shown therefore applies from 1 April 2014 to 31 May 2014. If delays are experienced regarding the transfer date, the Fund may wish to review the level of the 10.1% contribution rate.